If You Have Experienced Sexual Assault, Intimate Partner Violence, or Stalking

Immediate Steps

• Go to a safe place. A friend or family member’s apartment or house, or any open offices on campus.
• Call someone you trust. A friend, family member, or victim advocate are good resources. You do not have to go through this alone.
• Preserve evidence. After sexual assault, do not shower until you have considered whether to have a no-cost sexual assault forensic exam within 120 hours of the assault. You do not need to make a formal report or press charges to have a sexual assault forensic exam. Save the clothes you were wearing (unwashed) in a paper or cloth bag. After sexual assault, intimate partner violence, and/or stalking, take photos of any damage or injury and keep communication records (e.g. texts, emails, letters).

Within 24 Hours

• Seek out support. You may want to turn to an advocate or counselor for support and advice. They will talk with you about your options for additional support services and reporting.
• After unwanted physical contact, get medical attention. A medical provider can check for and treat physical injury, sexually transmitted infections, and pregnancy. You do not need to make a formal report or press charges to receive medical care.

At Any Time

• Consider making a formal report. You are encouraged to report what happened to both the police and the University. You can decide how much you would like to participate in any investigation process.
• UConn can help. Campus-based resources can help you with changes to your classes, work, and more. You do not need to make a formal report or press charges to receive supportive measures and resources from UConn.

UConn’s Commitment to a Safe and Supportive Community

UConn is committed to creating and maintaining a campus environment free from all forms of sexual assault, intimate partner violence, and stalking. All reports are taken with the utmost seriousness. Retaliation against anyone who makes a report is strictly prohibited.

The Policy Against Discrimination, Harassment, and Related Interpersonal Violence (the Policy), contains detailed information about reporting, accessing campus and community resources, investigations, and more.

Supportive Measures

The resources listed in this brochure can help with a range of supportive measures, including but not limited to: medical and counseling services; academic support; leaves of absence; modifications to working/living situations and class schedules; assistance with transportation, financial aid, visa, and immigration issues; enacting University no-contact letters; and referrals to legal and advocacy services.

Employee Reporting

Under the Policy, employees who witness or receive a report of sexual assault, intimate partner violence or stalking must report the incident to the Office of Institutional Equity (OIE). Exceptions include confidential and exempt employees as defined in this brochure and in the Policy.

Under the Clery Act, many employees also have a duty under federal law to report crimes to UConn Police. Their report to police will include the date, time, place, and nature of the incident.

What is Sexual Assault*?

Sexual assault consists of sexual contact and/or sexual intercourse that occurs without consent. Sexual assault can happen to anyone, regardless of gender.

What is Consent*?

Consent is an understanding, exchange of affirmative words or actions, which indicate a willingness to participate in mutually agreed upon sexual activity. Consent must be informed, freely and actively given. It is the responsibility of the initiator to obtain clear and affirmative responses at each stage of sexual involvement. Consent to one form of sexual activity [like kissing] does not imply consent to other forms of sexual activity [like sex]. The lack of a negative response is not consent. An individual who is incapacitated by alcohol and/or other drugs, both voluntarily or involuntarily consumed, may not give consent. Past consent of sexual activity does not imply ongoing future consent.

What is Intimate Partner Violence (IPV)*?

IPV includes any act of violence or threatened act of violence that occurs between individuals who are involved or have been involved in a sexual, dating, spousal, domestic, or other intimate relationship. IPV may include Sexual assault, Stalking, and/or physical assault. IPV may involve a pattern of behavior used to establish power and control over another person through fear and intimidation, or may involve one-time conduct. This behavior can be verbal, emotional, and/or physical.

What is Stalking*?

Stalking means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific individual that would cause a reasonable person to fear for their safety or the safety of others, or for the individual to suffer substantial emotional distress. Stalking includes unwanted, repeated, or cumulative behaviors that serve no purpose other than to threaten, or cause fear for another individual. 
Confidential Resources (On-Campus)

Confidential Resources (Off-Campus)

Confidential Information

Confidential resources are entitled to state law to have privileged communications. Exempt employees are not required to report information to the University with some narrow exceptions. More information related to employee reporting responsibilities can be found in the Policy Against Discrimination, Harassment, and Related Interpersonal Violence.

While an impacted individual’s conversation with a University employee in non-confidential offices will be kept private (will not be shared unnecessarily with others), only conversations with either a confidential or exempt resource will not be reported to OIE (unless the impacted individual requests that the information be shared).